

Juvenile Justice Policy and Oversight Committee

December 19th, 2019 Legislative Office Building 2pm Room 1E

Progress Report



- Presentation: 2019 Annual Report on Strategic Goals
- Presentation: Raising the Minimum Age by the Diversion Workgroup





2019 Annual Report on Strategic Goals



Target Goals

- Goals established in June 2015
- By June 30, 2018:
 - Increase the number diverted by 20%
 - Decrease the number incarcerated by 30%
 - Decrease re-arrest rate by 10%

Statewide Juvenile Review Board Referrals by FY, 2009-19





Diversion Goal Summary

Goal: 20% Increase

Juvenile Delinquency Referrals						
FY14 Baseline	11,471					
Goal (by FY18)	9,178					
Progress through FY19	7,916					
Percent reduction	-31%					

• Status: Goal Achieved

FY13 Baseline	2,230
Goal (by FY18)	2,676
Progress through FY19	2,307
Percent increase	3.5%

Juvenile Review Board Referrals

• **Status**: Slight increase in referrals, but short of FY18 goal.



Incarceration Goal Summary

Goal: 30% Reduction

Juvenile Detention Centers						
FY14 Baseline	2,334					
Goal (by FY18)	1,868					
Progress through FY19	1,086					
Percent reduction	-53.5%					

CT Juvenile Training School

FY14 Baseline	222
Goal (by FY18)	178
Progress through FY18	43
Percent reduction	-80.6%

• Status: Goal Achieved

• Status: Goal Achieved



Incarceration Goal Summary



Goal: 30% Reduction

Males Admitted to MYI	
FY14 Baseline	146
Goal (by FY18)	102
Progress through FY19	11
Percent reduction	-24%

• **Status**: Admissions have remained steady the past 3 years near goal

Females Admitted to York

Status: Annual admissions to York Correctional have remained at or below 10 for the past four years

Recidivism Goal Summary



Goal: 10% Reduction in Re-arrest Rate

Adjudicated Youth on Probation							
FY12 Baseline	60%						
Goal (by CY16)	54%						
Progress through CY17 (YTD)	65.3%						
Percent increase	8.8%						

• Status: Increase; goal not met

Youth Released from DOC

CY12 Baseline	76%
Progress through CY17 (YTD)	65%
Percent reduction	-14.5%

• **Status**: Rearrest rates lower for most recent cohort





Racial and Ethnic Disparity Data

Referrals to Juvenile Review Boards, by Race/Ethnicity 2017-18 and 2018-19



Referrals to Juvenile Review Boards, by Race 2017-18 and 2018-19



Referrals to Juvenile Review Boards, by Ethnicity 2017-18 and 2018-19



Delinquency Referrals to Juvenile Court, by Race/Ethnicity, FY2015-19





Percent Change in Delinquent Referrals by Fiscal Year

Pre-Adjudication Admissions to Juvenile Detention, by Race/Ethnicity, FY2015-19

by Fiscal Year



Detention Admissions to State-Run Centers, Pre-Adjudication by Fiscal Year





Percent Change in Admissions to State-Run Centers, Pre-Adjudication

Fiscal Year

Admissions to Manson Youth Institution, Under Age 18, by Race/Ethnicity, FY 2015-FY2019



DOC Manson Youth Institution (male) Under Age 18 Admissions, Sentenced Percent Change in DOC MYI (male) Under Age 18 Admissions, Sentenced & & Pre-trial, by FY

Pre-trial, by FY



24-month Rearrest Rate, by Risk, Juvenile Probation, 2015-2018



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24-month Rearrest Rate, Juvenile Probation, by Race/Ethnicity, 2015-2018





Summary



- Overall, Diversion and Incarceration indicators have maintained trends that meet established goals
- Recidivism rates, particularly for probation youth, have flattened or increased in recent years due, in part, to fewer low risk youth on probation
- While trends in delinquency referrals and detention admissions show overall declines, the rate of decline for youth of color is substantially less than the decline for white youth
- RED data, readily available through the Judicial Branch's CSSD, should be explored by all workgroups in collaboration with the RED workgroup

Summary



• Programs and services for the highest risk youth should be regularly reviewed for alignment with current best practice

Results First Clearinghouse Database

An interactive from The Pew Charitable Tr	rusts and the John D. and Catherine T. MacArthur Foundation
Q Search Clearinghouse Database	Overview Clearinghouses Rating Colors & Systems FAQ
Categories ^	×
Crime & delinquency Child & family well-being Education Enployment & job training Mental health Public health	The Pew-MacArthur Results First Initiative created the Results First Clearinghouse Database to provide users with an easy way to access and understand the evidence base for programs in social policy areas such as behavioral health, criminal justice, education, and public health. More specifically, it allows users to see if there have been rigorous evaluations of a program and, if so, to review information on the program's effectiveness.
Sexual behavior & teen pregnancy Substance use	The database compiles and displays key information from nine national clearinghouses, including the rating they assigned to each program and the program's description, outcomes, setting, and target population (where available). It also contains a link back to the program's original source page on the clearinghouse website so that users can obtain additional details.
Settings ^	Clearinghouses develop this information by reviewing and summarizing rigorous evaluations of programs within their focus area. Then, they assign a rating to each program using their own methodology and terminology (such as top tier, effective, positive, and model).
Court Home Hospital / treatment center Residential facility School Workplace	The database applies color-coding to the clearinghouses' distinct rating systems, creating a common language that allows users to quickly see where each program falls on a spectrum from negative impact to positive impact. This coding consists of five rating colors that correspond to different levels of impact as shown below.
Rating colors ^	Negative impact Positive impact
Green (highest rated) Yellow (second-highest rated) Blue (mixed effects) Gray (no effects) Red (negrative effects)	Negative effects No effects Mixed effects Second-highest Highest rated
Clearinghouses	based on similar criteria, the color does not indicate that their methodologies are identical. In addition, there is an 'insufficient evidence' classification included in the database that has no corresponding rating color. This indicates that a program's current research base does not
CEBC CrimeSolutions.gov	have adequate methodological rigor to determine impact. A Microsoft Excel version of the database is also available for download.
NREPP RTIPs Social Programs That Work TPP Evidence Review	Download database 😼
IPP Evidence Review What Works for Health WWC	There are currently 2,992 programs in the database. The graphs below show how these programs are broken out by clearinghouse and by Results First rating color.





Diversion Workgroup Data on Youth Under 12

Summary Annual Referrals Age Annual Referrals by C., Annual Referrals by C., Annual Referrals by S., Monthly Referral Vol., Sch	School-Related Refer Race/Ethnicity Top 15 Towns Gender
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This collection of data was compiled by the Judicial Branch's Court Support Services Division for the JJPOC Diversion workgroup, and contains descriptive information about referrals to court during the period 2010 through May of 2019 where the child was under age 12 at the time of offense, demographics of the children referred, treatment interventions provided, and disposition/outcome information.

Data collection is an evolving process, and improvements made during this date range have allowed for greater availability of information. As such, some measures depicted in these charts that is only available or reliable from 2014/2015 forward.

Summary	Annual Referrals	Age	Annual Referrals by C	Annual Referrals by C	Annual Referrals by S	Monthly Referral Vol	School-Related Refer	Race/Ethnicity	Top 15 Towns	Gender

All Delinquent Referrals and Unique Clients Referred, by Calendar Year



Summary	Annual Referrals	Age	Annual Referrals by C	Annual Referrals by C	Annual Referrals by S	Monthly Referral Vol	School-Related Refer	Race/Ethnicity	Top 15 Towns	Gender
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Referrals by age at Offense









Annual Referr	Annual Referrals by C	Annual Referrals by S	Monthly Referral Vol	School-Related Refer	Race/Ethnicity	Top 15 Towns	Gender	Handling Decision	Handling and Age	Handling Decisio

Under-12 Court Referrals by Race/Ethnicity



Annual Referr	Annual Referrals by S	Monthly Referral Vol	School-Related Refer	Race/Ethnicity	Top 15 Towns	Gender	Handling Decision	Handling and Age	Handling Decision Ch	Disposition
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Top 15 Towns contributing Under-12 referrals, 2017-2019 (Nov)



	Annual Referr	Monthly Referral Vol	School-Related Refer	Race/Ethnicity	Top 15 Towns	Gender	Handling Decision	Handling and Age	Handling Decision Ch	Disposition	Handling Decisio
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Gender Breakdown of Court Referrals



Monthly Refer School-Related Refer Race/Ethnicity Top 15 Towns Gender Gender Handling Decision Handling Decision Ch Disposition Handling Decision an Not Accept	Monthly Refer	School-Related Refer	Race/Ethnicity	Top 15 Towns	Gender	Handling Decision	Handling and Age	Handling Decision Ch	Disposition	Handling Decision an	Not Accepted
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Handling Decision, by year of Disposition Date





Gender	Handling Decision	Handling and Age	Handling Decision Ch	Disposition	Handling Decision an	Not Accepted	Treatment Programs	Treatment Interventi	12-Month New A	Arrest Risk
Handling Handling D) Decision and Di	spositions, 2017	7-2019							DispositionGroup Commitment Discharge
	Not Prosecuted 59.03% 114						Supervision 37.58% 26			 Dismissal Not Accepted Not Prosecuted Supervision
Non-Judicial	Supervision 54.06% 171				Discharge 28.01% 93			Not Prosecuted 17.93% 62		
	Not Accepted 85.87% 76							Dismiss 10.87% 7 Not Pro 3.26% 3		

Handling Deci	Handling and Age	Handling Decision Ch	Disposition	Handling Decision an	Not Accepted	Treatment Programs	Treatment Interventi	12-Month New Arrest	Risk	Need Areas

Referrals Not Accepted, by Disposition Type Data collected 2014 forward.



Handlin	Handling Decision Ch	Disposition	Handling Decision an	Not Accepted	Treatment Programs	Treatment Interventi	12-Month New Arrest	Risk	Need Areas	DCF Involvement
Handlin	Handling Decision cn	Disposition	Handling Decision an	Not Accepted	Treatment Programs	Treatment Interventi	12-Wohth New Arrest	RISK	Need Areas	DCF Involvement

12-Month Delinquent Arrest Rate, for clients referred prior to 7/1/2018



12-Month Delinquent Arrest Rate by Disposition, for clients referred prior to 7/1/2018



12-Month Delinquent Arrest Rate by Age, for clients referred 2010 through 7/1/2018

7.7%

(65 ref.)

8

0.0% (18 ref.)

7

Age At Offense

17.4%

(178 ref.)

9

31.4% (1,226 ref.)

11

23.5%

(405 ref.)

10



Draft Recommendation on Raising the Lower Age

Draft Recommendation on Raising the Lower Age



- A. Legislation for raising the minimum age of juvenile court jurisdiction from seven years to twelve years by July 1, 2021.
 - 1. Considerations for alternative handling, including but not limited to, Children's Behavioral Health Services System (DCF), youth service bureaus, juvenile review boards, community-based services
- B. Development of a plan for ensuring that a child who would have been referred to the juvenile court system will instead be referred to the Children's Behavioral Health System (DCF) and/or Community-based Diversion system.
 - 1. The diversion workgroup shall develop the plan that outlines a referral process for developmentally appropriate services (screening, assessment, interventions). Plans shall be delivered to the JJPOC by October 2020



Questions and Discussion